



ORANGE COUNTY WATER DISTRICT

PFAS, PFOA, and PFOS in Orange County

July 2, 2019

SAWPA Commission

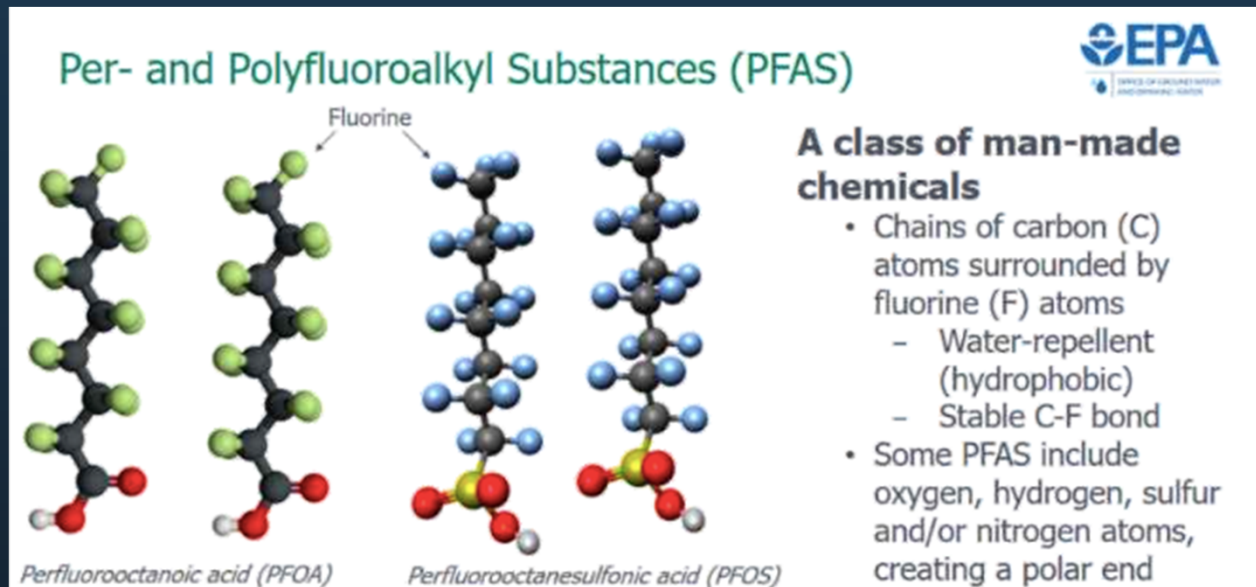


Outline

- Background on PFAS
- OCWD Groundwater Results
- Pilot Treatment Testing
- OCWD SAR and Discharger Testing
- Managing PFAS in SAR Watershed

WHAT ARE PFAS, PFOA & PFOS?

- PFAS = Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (family of 1000s of chemicals)
- PFOA = Perfluorooctanoic Acid ($C_8HF_{15}O_2$)
- PFOS = Perfluorooctane Sulfonate ($C_8HF_{17}O_3S$)



PFAS Use Across A Wide Range of Industries and Consumer Products





FDA: PFAS Occurrence in Food

FDA STATEMENT

Statement on FDA's scientific work to understand per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) in food, and findings from recent FDA surveys

[Share](#) [Tweet](#) [LinkedIn](#) [Email](#) [Print](#)

For Immediate Release: June 11, 2019

AP

FDA: Sampling finds toxic nonstick compounds in some food

By ELLEN KNICKMEYER, JOHN FLESHER and MICHAEL CASEY June 3, 2019

CNN

Health » Food | Fitness | Wellness | Parenting | Live Longer

Live TV U.S. Edition

FDA confirms PFAS chemicals are in the US food supply

By Nadia Kounang, CNN

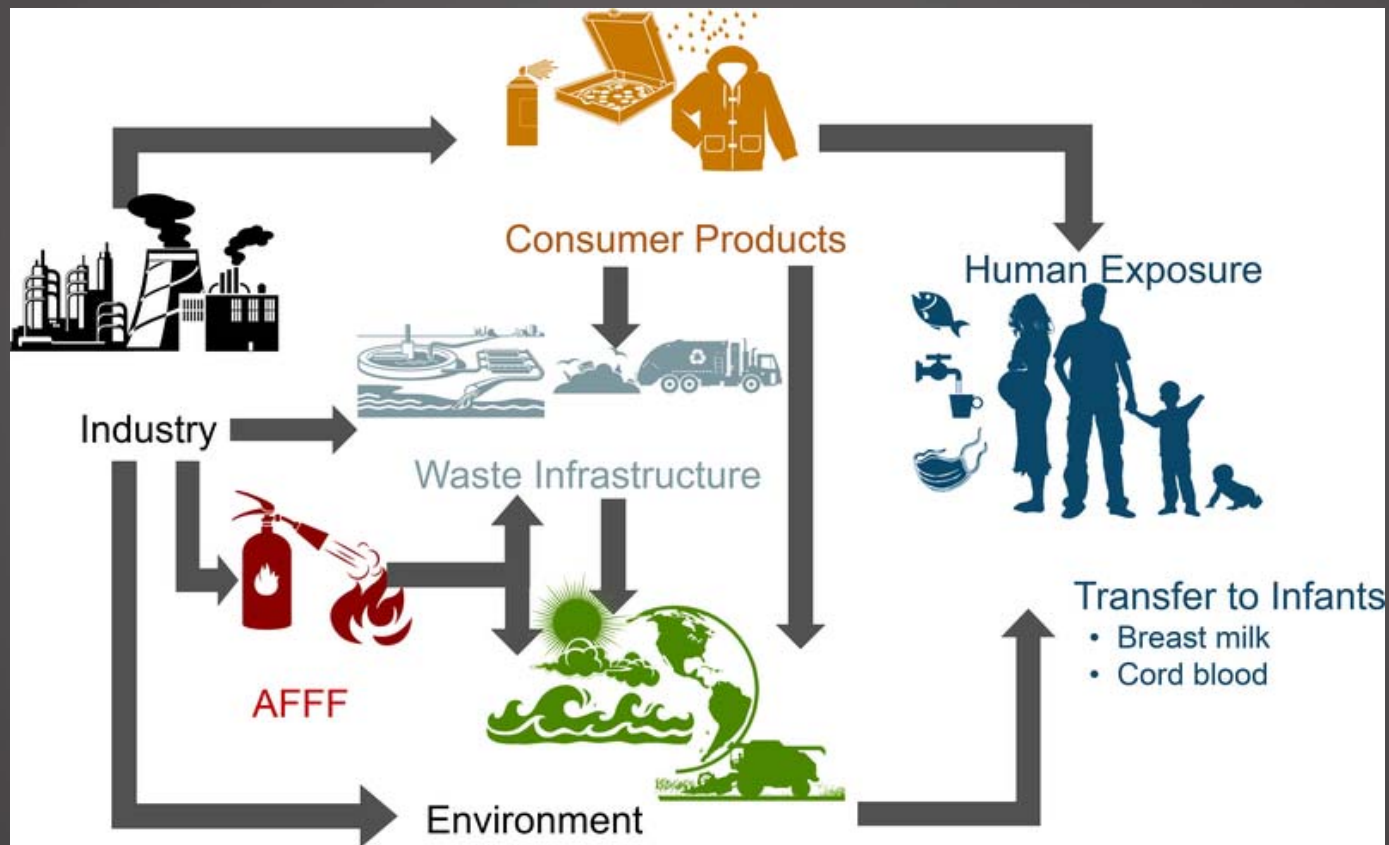
Updated 5:08 PM ET, Mon June 3, 2019



- Meats & seafood
- Produce irrigated with PFAS-impacted water
- Milk from dairy using feed grown with PFAS-impacted water



PFAS Exposure Pathways





Summary of Current EPA & CA Drinking Water Guidance

Agency	Type	Value	Description
USEPA	Lifetime Health Advisory (2016)	70 ng/L PFOA + PFOS	Non-enforceable. Recommends notifying local regulators and consumers, removing source, blending, or treatment
CA DDW	Interim Response Level (2018)	70 ng/L PFOA + PFOS	Non-enforceable. Recommends taking source out of service.
CA DDW	Interim Notification Level (2018)	PFOA = 14 ng/L PFOS = 13 ng/L	Non-enforceable. Can serve, but must notify governing body (city, county, board); recommends notifying consumers

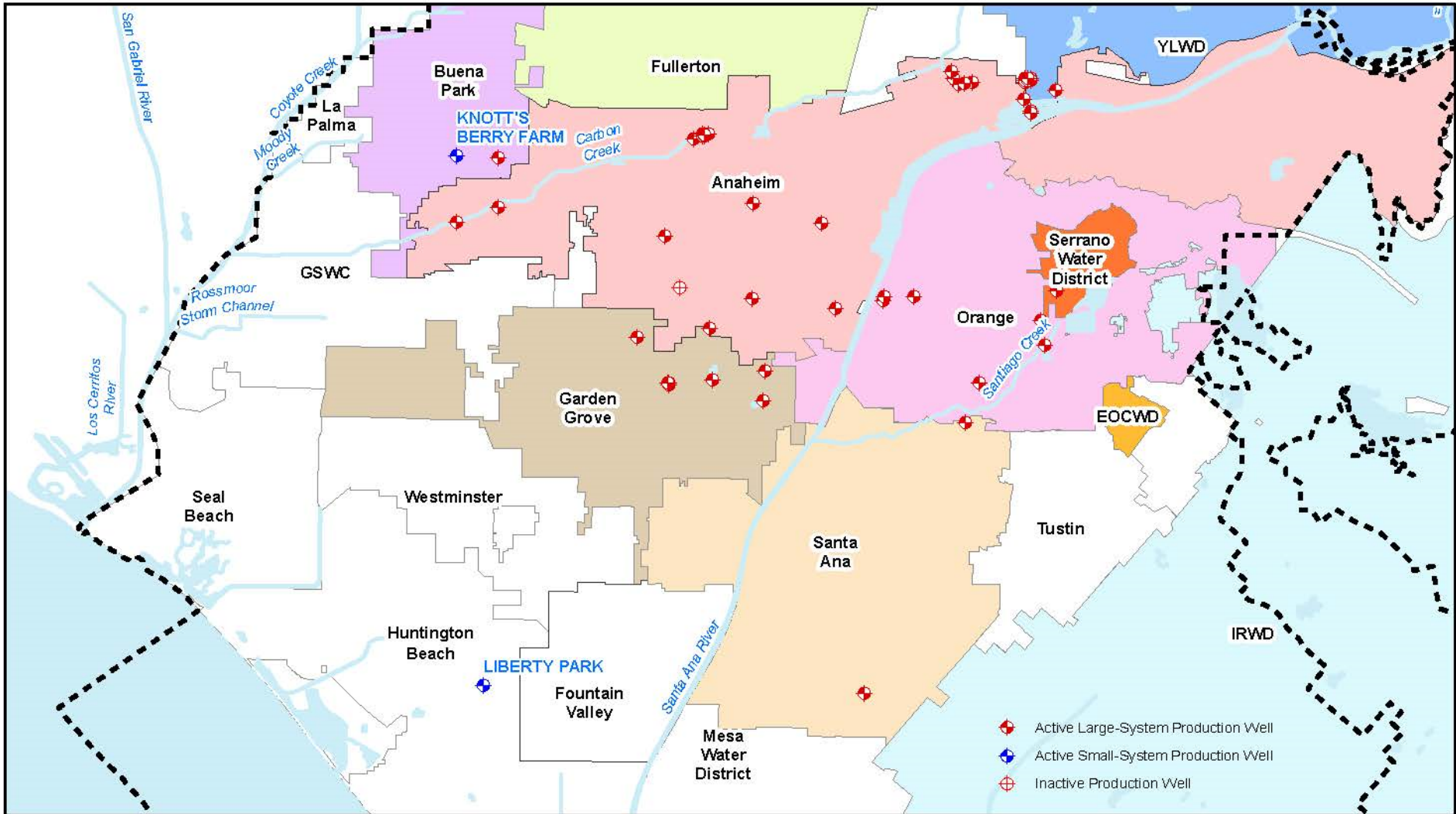
- Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) is enforceable standard
 - No federal MCL (bills in Congress to put EPA on 2-year timetable)
 - No CA MCL (must first establish Public Health Goal [PHG]); multiple PFAS grouping?
- Some states have advisory values and proposed MCLs



Orange County Recent Groundwater Testing

12 OCWD Producers (retailers) Received Testing Orders in March 2019

Producer	# of Wells in Order	Reason(s)
Anaheim	15	Near UCMR3 detection or Landfill
Buena Park	1	Nearby Landfill
East Orange County Water District	2	Nearby UCMR3 detection
City of Fullerton	5	Nearby UCMR3 detection
City of Garden Grove	7	Nearby UCMR3 detection
Irvine Ranch Water District	2	Nearby UCMR3 detection or Airport
Knotts Berry Farm	1	Nearby Landfill
Liberty Park Water Association	1	Nearby Landfill
City of Orange	6	Nearby UCMR3 detection
City of Santa Ana	1	Nearby UCMR3 detection
Serrano Water District	1	Nearby UCMR3 detection
Yorba Linda Water District	11	Nearby UCMR3 detection
Total	53	-



OCWD Laboratory performing testing

- Only public agency lab in CA with PFAS certification (EPA 537 Rev 1.1)
- Analysis and data reporting takes 2-3 weeks
- Strict sample collection & handling guidelines
 - No new or unwashed clothing
 - No pre-packaged food, fast food wrappers, or foil
 - No water proof paper or markers



9 OCWD Producers with one or more initial results greater than DDW Notification Levels for PFOA or PFOS

Producer

Anaheim

East Orange County Water District

City of Fullerton

City of Garden Grove

Irvine Ranch Water District

City of Orange

City of Santa Ana

Serrano Water District

Yorba Linda Water District

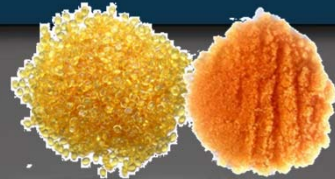
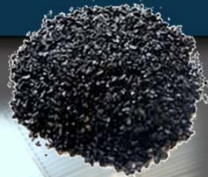
Results consistent with OCWD monitoring well results downgradient of recharge area

Orange County Governing Body Notifications

- 30 days to notify “Governing Body” after receiving result >NL
- Notifications status
 - **Sent out:** Yorba Linda Water District, City of Fullerton, City of Anaheim
 - **Pending:** Orange, EOCWD, Serrano, IRWD, Santa Ana, Garden Grove
- If well/source > **Response Level**
 - DDW recommends to stop serving
 - If continue to serve, DDW recommends extensive monitoring + public notification



PFAS Treatment Technologies



Carbon Adsorption:
granular activated
carbon (GAC)

- More conventional treatment, site specific, WQ factors in, footprint area also

Ion Exchange
(IX) resin

Reverse Osmosis or
Nanofiltration
(RO or NF)

- Higher capital cost, concentrate disposal



ORANGE COUNTY WATER DISTRICT

OCWD Field Pilot Testing

- Pilot test skid delivery in July
- Pilot will assess GAC + IX
- Complimentary lab bench-scale testing of GAC and NF
- Will assess multiple technologies and local impacted groundwaters
- Goal: inform & accelerate local retail agencies potential future treatment decisions





OCWD Groundwater Recharge Supply Testing



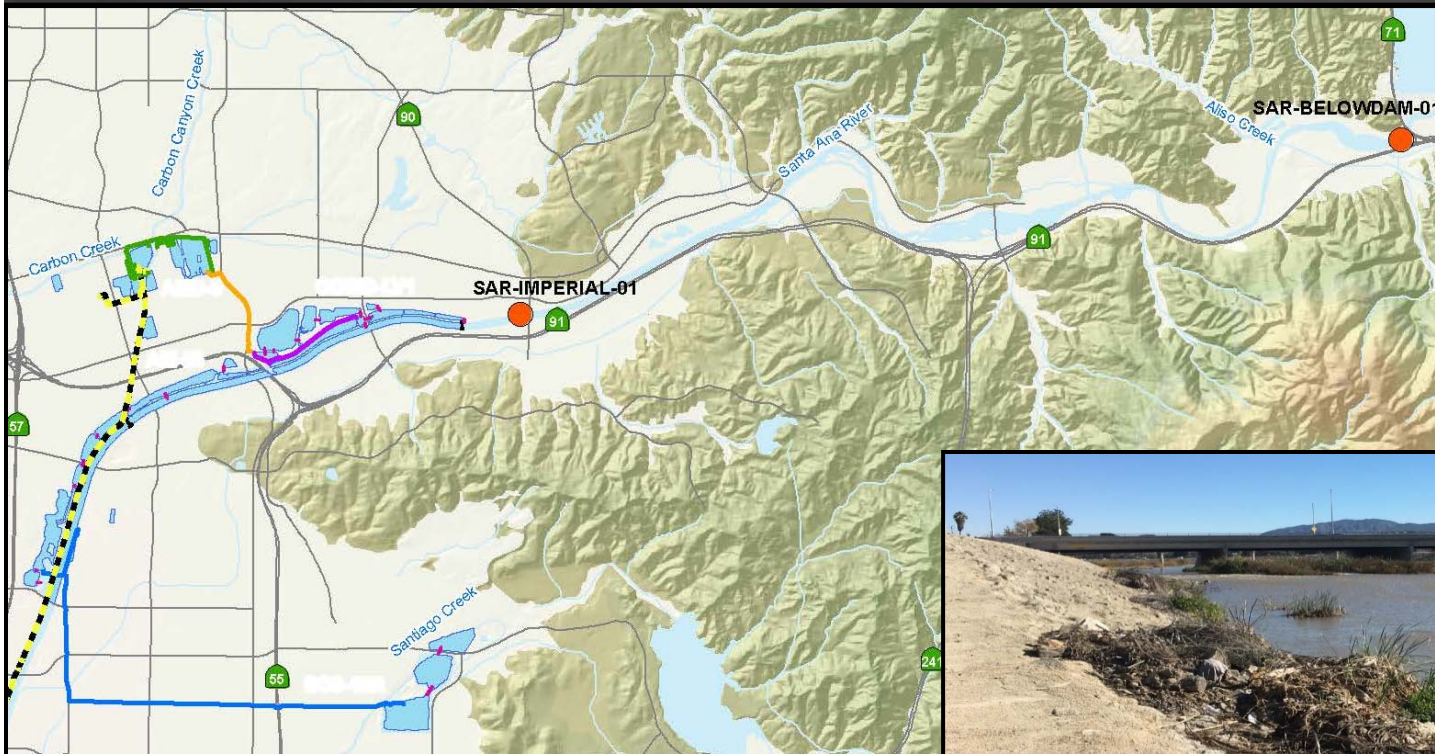
GWRS & MWD OC-28 results

- GWRS
 - OCSD Secondary Effluent = 25 – 38 ng/L PFOA + PFOS
 - GWRS Final Product = Not detected (ND)
 - Reverse Osmosis = effective treatment
- MWD OC-28: Not detected for PFOA & PFOS
- Other MWD data shows non detect for PFOA & PFOS
- Continued regular monitoring





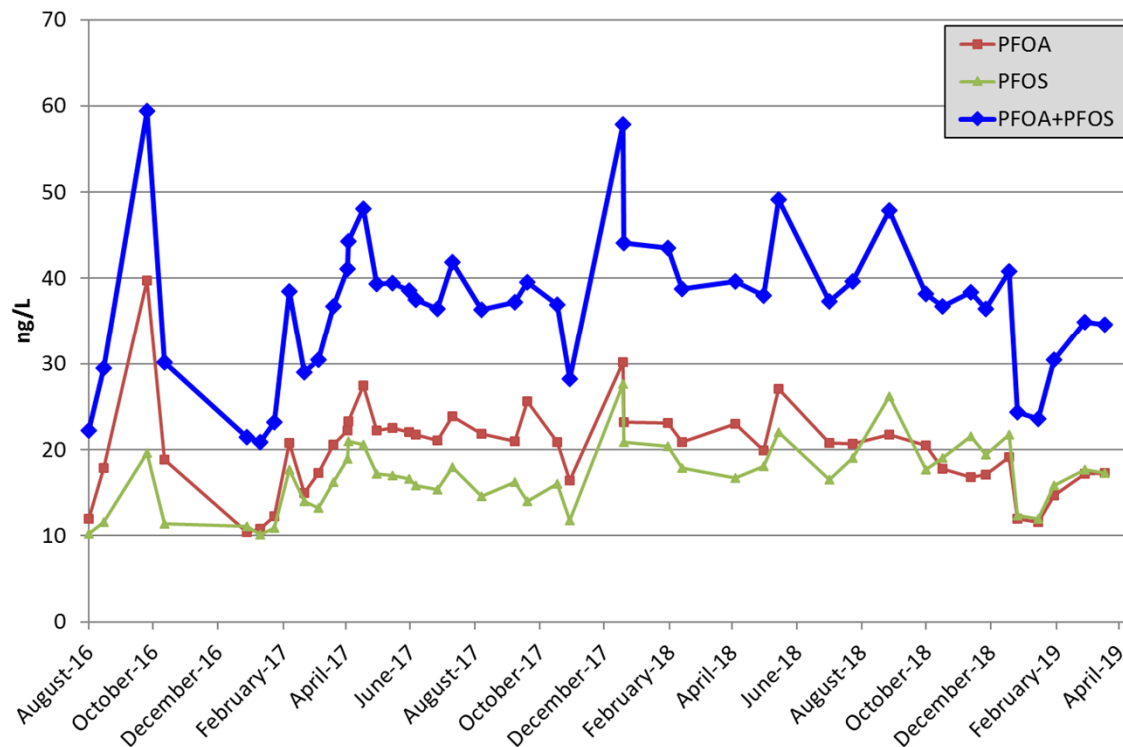
SAR Imperial Highway is key sample location, represents “headworks” of OCWD SAR recharge system





Santa Ana River at Imperial Hwy

SAR-IMPERIAL-01
PFOA, PFOS, PFOA+PFOS RESULTS



Aug 2016 – Present

Averages (ng/L)

PFOA: 20
PFOS: 17
PFOA+PFOS: 37

Min / Max (ng/L)

PFOA: 10 / 40
PFOS: 10 / 28
PFOA+PFOS: 21 / 59

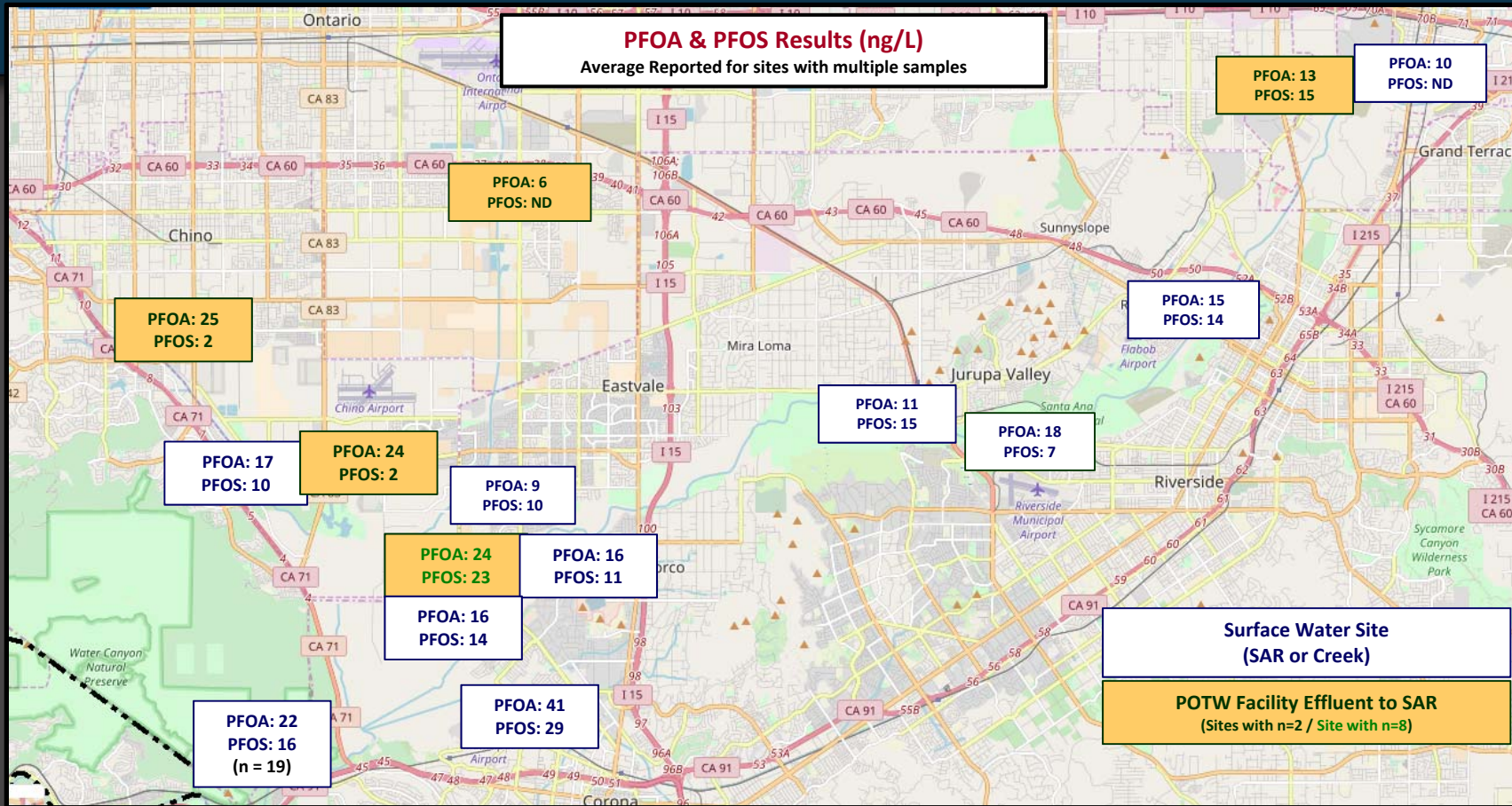


Cooperative SAR Upstream Discharger Testing

- Reached out to 5 different SAR wastewater discharger sites in 2017
 - **Inland Empire Utilities Agency (IEUA):** CCWRF, RP1/RP4, RP5 Plants
 - **Western Municipal Water District (WMWD):** WRCRWA Plant
 - **San Bernardino Municipal Water Dept (SBMWD):** RIX Plant
- 2 coordinated monitoring events at all 5 sites in 2017 & 2018
- Provided data back to each cooperating agency
- Shared results with Regional Board regulators and SARDA in Fall 2018



Upper SAR Watershed Monitoring





Occurrence of PFAS compounds in conventionally treated wastewater is well-established in literature



Detection of Poly- and Perfluoroalkyl Substances (PFASs) in U.S. Drinking Water Linked to Industrial Sites, Military Fire Training Areas, and Wastewater Treatment Plants

Xindi C. Hu^{††}, David Q. Andrews[§], Andrew B. Lindstrom[‡], Thomas A. Bruton[‡], Laurel A. Schaidler[¶], Philippe Grandjean[†], Rainer Lohmann[®], Courtney C. Carignan[†], Arlene Blum^{‡, V}, Simona A. Balan^{*}, Christopher P. Higgins^{*}, and Elsie M. Sunderland^{††}



Journal
Journal of Environmental Science and Health, Part A
Toxic/Hazardous Substances and Environmental Engineering
Volume 44, 2009 - Issue 12

[Submit an article](#) [Journal homepage](#)

Search
Enter search text / DOI
 Environ. Sci. Technol.



Quantitative Determination of Fluorinated Alkyl Substances by Large-Volume-Injection Liquid Chromatography Tandem Mass Spectrometry – Characterization of Municipal Wastewaters

Melissa M. Schultz[†], Douglas F. Barofsky[†], and Jennifer A. Field^{*††}

Search
Enter search text / DOI
 Environ. Sci. Technol.

Enter keywords, authors, DOI etc.



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Chemosphere

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/chemosphere



1,596
Views
147
Crossref citations
to date
9
Altmetric

ARTICLES

Perfluoroalkyl sulfonic and carboxylic acids: A critical review of physicochemical properties, levels and patterns in waters and wastewaters, and treatment methods

Sierra Rayne & Kaya Forest
Pages 1145-1199 | Received 05 May 2009, Published online: 04 Sep 2009
[Download citation](#) <https://doi.org/10.1080/10934520903139811>

Perfluorochemicals in water reuse

Megan H. Plumlee^a, Jeannine Larabee^b, Martin Reinhard^{a,*}

^aDepartment of Civil and Environmental Engineering, Yang & Yama
^bSanta Clara Valley Water District, 5750 Almaden Expressway, San J



Letter
pubs.acs.org/journal/estlcu

Legacy and Emerging Perfluoroalkyl Substances Are Important Drinking Water Contaminants in the Cape Fear River Watershed of North Carolina

Mei Sun,^{*†‡§} Elisa Arevalo,[‡] Mark Strynar,[§] Andrew Lindstrom,[§] Michael Richardson,^{||} Ben Kearns,^{||} Adam Pickett,[‡] Chris Smith,[#] and Detlef R. U. Knappe[‡]



July 8: Possible reduction to DDW Notification & Response Levels

- Based OEHHA review of recent NTP rodent study
- “Lowest observed effect”/One-in-One-million cancer risk estimate
 - PFOA = 0.1 ng/L (pancreatic cancer)
 - POFS = 0.4 ng/L

Standard	PFAS Compound	Current	Proposed	Basis
Notification Level	PFOA	14 ng/L	5.1 ng/L	Analytical Detection Limit
Notification Level	PFOS	13 ng/L	6.5 ng/L	Analytical Detection Limit
Response Level	PFOA	70 ppt combined	10 ng/L	100x 1-in-1-million cancer risk
Response Level	PFOS		40 ng/L	100x 1-in-1-million cancer risk



Effects of lowering DDW Response Level

- Two wells in OCWD service above current 70 ng/L PFOA + PFOS Response Level
- Reducing Response Level to PFOA = 10 ppt and PFOS = 40 ppt
 - 39 of 51 wells tested under Monitoring Orders will exceed RL in OCWD area
 - Project ~71 out of ~200 OCWD area wells would exceed (~100,000 acre-ft of annual pumping)
- **Statewide**
 - ~300 of 600 wells with Monitoring orders have reported to state database
 - 65 results > 10 ppt PFOA
 - All first round results due July 10th
- **Agencies/areas likely affected:** Corona, Riverside, Elsinore Valley, Santa Clarita, Glendale, Desert Water Agency, Lathrop, Atascadero, Central Basin?



Meeting in Sacramento on July 3

- Parties involved
 - OCWD
 - Intertox
 - Santa Clarita Valley Water Agency
 - Cabinet Secretary: Jared Blumenfeld
 - State Board Chairman: Joaquin Esquivel
 - Deputy Director (DDW): Darrin Polhemus
 - OEHHA Director: Lauren Zeise, Ph.D
- Request
 - 90 day delay in establishing a new Response Level
 - Share OEHHA's review of NTP study + basis for recommendation
 - Prioritize setting PHG + MCL



Managing PFOA & PFOS in SAR

- Groundwater Recharge (**GWR**) is a designated beneficial use for SAR
- No current CA limits for PFOA & PFOS in SAR wastewater discharges
- Meetings with Regional Board & SARDA in Fall 2018
- Reestablished SAWPA EC Task Force in Jan-Feb 2019 to implement voluntary watershed CEC + PFAS testing in Aug
- Wastewater Dischargers (POTWs) statewide expected to receive PFAS testing orders in Fall 2019

